

Coping with large migration flows in low and middle-income countries

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TOWARDS A SUSTAINABLE MIGRATION

- Interventions in countries of origin or transit are increasingly advocated as an instrument to achieve sustainable migration flows
- Recent years have seen large flows of refugees and migrants
- By far the largest part of them are hosted in low and middle-income countries.
- Refugees crises tend to be protracted in time
- The need to support, not only in the short term, low and middle income countries

ACCESS OF REFUGEES (AND MIGRANTS) TO SOCIAL PROTECTION

Main elements of a social protection strategy

- Shelter/Housing
- Education
- Health (including food)
- Poverty reduction
- Livelihood

MAIN CHALLENGES

- From emergency to development strategies: Addressing the immediate needs while responding to the development challenge
- Integration with hosting communities
- Delivery approach
- Developing long-term strategies
- Assessing financial needs